

## ELECTRIC HEIGHTS

Addition to

# BOZEMAN.

## Bozeman

the greatest advantages and is the most desirable as the permanent capital of Montana.

## Bozeman

Is the geographical center of the state, and will be the CAPITAL of Montana. The question is to be decided at the next general election by the voters of Montana. It is a vital one, and one that will redound for all time to come to the interest or detriment of the people of this state. It is, which place possesses

# BOZEMAN

## For the Capital.

Is more convenient and accessible to all Eastern Montana, through which the Northern Pacific passes, than any other town in the state. It is equally convenient and accessible to the greater part of Deer Lodge, Jefferson, Silver Bow, Madison and Beaverhead counties than any other town in the state.

BOZEMAN is surrounded by deposits of coal which will materially lessen the expenses of living, besides giving employment to a large number of men engaged in the business of coal mining. Add to this BOZEMAN is situated at the head of the most productive valley to be found on the continent, and can there be any question or doubt as to the location of the capital at that place? The voters of the state should not waste the strength of their votes by voting for towns that stand no chance of becoming the capital of the state.

Lots 30x100 now for sale in the

# Electric Heights Addition

To the City of Bozeman. ONLY FOUR BLOCKS from the Hotel Bozeman and City Hall. \$100 each. \$20 down, balance in monthly payments \$10 per month without interest.

Lots \$100 Each.  
\$20 DOWN,  
Balance \$10 Per Month.

## Murphy & Stevenson, Owners,

ROOM 6, MARCHESSEAU & VALITON BLOCK, BUTTE.

L. A. Sisley, Agent, - 21 East Broadway.

Electric Heights  
Addition to  
Bozeman.

### DISTRICT COURT DOINGS

An Important Action Commenced in Department I.

VALUABLE LAND INVOLVED

The Case of the State Against Andy McKenzie—The Wolfe Divorce Proceedings—Fog Sing Free.

BUTTE, Feb. 3.—A suit similar to that of the celebrated Destroying Angel was commenced in Department I. of the district court today by Attorney McBride in behalf of George H. Casey, Charles S. Warren and the Montana Loan and Realty company as plaintiffs, and against 73 persons who are named as defendants. The action is brought to recover possession of the surface ground of the Black Placer claim and for the ejectment of the defendants who are owners and occupants of the ground. The property is known as lot 110, and is located in the southern part of the city, being bounded on the north by the Morning Star and Clara claims, on the south and west by the Bob Ingersoll and Montana Central, and on the east by a new location designated as application No. 787. Besides the above claims made by the plaintiffs, they also ask to recover the sum of \$10,000 as general damages and \$2,000 a month from April, 1890, as special damages for the wrongful withholding of the property and for costs of suit. The property in controversy was in the first place located upon by P. A. Largey and others, who applied for a title as quartz claim. G. H. Casey and others had located the property previous to that time as a placer claim. Largey et al. contested the application of Casey and others for a placer patent, but the land department at Washington decided in favor of Casey recently. The defendants in the present suit secured what title they have to their property under the quartz claim. It will result in working a great hardship on many of the defendants, as the property has been quite thickly settled.

An answer was filed today by the defendant in the suit of O. C. Dallas vs. Joseph Kiehl, a suit for commission on the sale of mines. The answer simply denies the allegation of the plaintiff.

In the appeal case of the City of Butte vs. Frank Churchill, the city attorney made a motion for dismissal, which was done, each party being required to pay its own costs in the district court.

The case of the State against Andy McKenzie today occupied the attention of Judge Pemberton and a jury consisting of William Boast, J. F. Bowman, W. P. Bodebank, J. Bellhart, William Orton and James Blackburn. The complaining witness, Ben Dagenhart, accuses McKenzie of driving off stock from his range. The "stock" in the case is an old gray horse which is also claimed by T. Clowes Miles, who alleges that he lost him about three years ago and finally located him on the range of Dagenhart. He sent his hired man, McKenzie, after the horse, and McKenzie brought him back, and this constitutes the cause of the action.

Dagenhart says the horse belongs to nobody but himself, but Miles says the brand was changed and that the horse is his stock. When court adjourned this evening the evidence was all in. The case will be given to the jury to-morrow morning.

Referee Leonard, in the divorce case of Julia Evangeline Wolfe against William Zeders Wolfe, filed his report today. In her testimony the plaintiff says she was married to Wolfe at Stuart, Deer Lodge

county, in 1881, and that they lived together a little more than five years. They had three children, two of whom are living, or are at present with friends in Minnesota. The defendant deserted her in May a year ago, at which time they were living in Anaconda. He went to Illinois, but they had not been living together for some time before he left her. She has not heard from him since, and has received no support from him for more than a year.

I. F. Kirby of Anaconda was also a witness, and testified as to his knowledge of the facts in the case. He said the defendant is a telegraph operator, and is at present working for the Chicago & Alton railroad, near Kansas City. The court ordered a decree of divorce entered in favor of the plaintiff.

The Fog Sing case came up before Judge Pemberton again this morning. The county attorney stated that owing to the unsatisfactory evidence for the state at the recent trial he had concluded to permit the Chinaman to plead guilty to a lesser charge than that of assault with intent to murder. Judge Hamilton, attorney for Fog Sing, added that in accordance with the statement of the county attorney, his client would enter a plea of guilty to the information of flourishing a dangerous and deadly weapon. The court accepted the changed state of the case and fined Mr. Sing \$100. The high-binder and his friends put up the amount and he was discharged.

Tomorrow the case of the city against James Temple will come up for trial on an appeal. It is a Salvation army case.

### IN POLICE COURT.

Breakers of the Law Punished for Their Misdeeds.

BUTTE, Feb. 3.—Notwithstanding Judge McMurphy's missionary efforts in behalf of Jack Call, that worthy was again before him this afternoon charged with malicious mischief. Jack was not in a fit condition to stand trial and he was remanded until to-morrow.

"Old Nick," one of the characters of the lower part of the city, was fined \$1 and costs for being found helplessly drunk in the street. He was committed.

Leslie Davis, better known as "Tommy," and her chum, a very deaf fairy, called Lucy Black, pleaded guilty today to disturbing the peace and contributed \$5 and costs each.

Wm. Jones entered a plea of guilty to a charge of being a vagrant and was sent up for 15 days.

Lizzie Hall, an ebony-hued lady residing in the Whitechapel district, denied having been guilty of a breach of the peace and was arraigned for her appearance to-morrow.

### Ancient Order of Hibernians.

BUTTE, Feb. 3.—A meeting of the Ancient Order of Hibernians was held this evening for the purpose of arranging for St. Patrick's day. The following committee of arrangements was chosen: P. J. Sullivan, J. W. Gilligan, John McGill, James McCann, John Fogarty, Mike McKovitz, Joseph Hogan, John R. Murphy, Pat O'Connor, John B. Nolan and D. J. Hennessy.

The committee will hold a meeting on Sunday evening.

### Arrested at Silver Bow.

BUTTE, Feb. 3.—Deputy Sheriff Hankley this morning arrested at Silver Bow, Ed Waldron and John Smith on the charge of grand larceny, and brought them to jail. The men are accused of stealing a lot of clothing from a tailor in Anaconda. They had none of the goods with them, however, except one coat. Sheriff Quigley of Deer Lodge was notified of the capture, and came after the prisoners this afternoon.

School teachers in England's country districts get the munificent sum of 5 shillings a week.

### KILLED BY A CABLE CAR.

A One-Legged Man Run Over and Horribly Mangled.

BUTTE, Feb. 3.—A one-legged beggar, was killed by a cable car on the Walker-ville line about 9:30 o'clock this evening. Car No. 1 was passing toward Butte through Centerville at that time, with W. J. Prior as conductor, and W. E. Thompson as gripman. They felt a sudden jar when a little below Wilson's store, and the car was almost thrown from the track. The gripman stopped the car and the conductor went back to see what the trouble was. A body was found lying on the west side of the track, the head badly smashed, still on the rails where the wheels had run over it. Brains, pieces of skull and blood were scattered along for a distance of four feet. The upper half of the head was completely smashed, while the lower half was seen to be that of a man who has become quite familiar in Butte and vicinity as a one-legged beggar. Everybody has seen him, but apparently no one knows his name.

A witness of the accident says that the cripple had been begging in Centerville during the evening, and tried to catch the car while in motion to go down to Butte. He reached for the rail of the dummy, but apparently his clutch slipped and he was drawn under the car. He made no outcry, and the conductor went back to see what the trouble was. A body was found lying on the west side of the track, the head badly smashed, still on the rails where the wheels had run over it. Brains, pieces of skull and blood were scattered along for a distance of four feet. The upper half of the head was completely smashed, while the lower half was seen to be that of a man who has become quite familiar in Butte and vicinity as a one-legged beggar. Everybody has seen him, but apparently no one knows his name.

Nothing was found on the body of the cripple except some song books and other trinkets he was selling. Some who have seen him often, said they thought his name was Pat Brady.

### WHISKEY TRUST DIRECTORS.

Their Meeting at Chicago Concluded—Intended Purchases.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—The directors of the whiskey trust adjourned to-night. Almost all of today's session was devoted to the matter of leases. President Greenhut's idea was that leased property be purchased outright. This would necessitate an expenditure of nearly \$4,000,000, and the directors could not unite upon the question. The leases expire May 1, and the trust has the option of purchase or revaluation. Six per cent. on revaluation would necessarily mean a greater rental, and the directors don't want to pay it.

The Langfords apparently are not worrying as to which form of dilemma the trust takes hold. Another point is, if the directors accept revaluation it may necessitate the giving of the exact figures as to the profits and amount on hand. All this was fully discussed without definite result.

President Greenhut took no stock in the story from Boston that the federal grand jury is about to return an indictment against the trust.

If all the locomotives in the United States were coupled together they would make a train of solid iron and steel over 300 miles long. Add the passenger cars and we would have 300 miles more of wood and iron; this would give us a gigantic passenger train 600 miles in length, counting both engines and cars.

### HEALTH OF THE CITY.

Doctor Roberts' Report to the Mayor and City Council.

BUTTE, Feb. 3.—The report of Health Officer Roberts to the city government is as follows:

To the Hon. Mayor and City Council:

I desire to remind you again of the effect of sanitation in Butte and to call your attention briefly to one of the most remarkable savings in human life and comfort known in preventive medicine.

From July 1, 1890, till Feb. 1, 1891, there were 274 deaths, and for the same period ending Feb. 1, 1892, 230, a saving of 44. The year ending July, 1891, according to the first annual record of the health department, there were 675 deaths. With the same ratio for the past seven months, there will not be more than 450 deaths for the 12 months ending July 1, 1892, a saving of 225.

Deaths to the 1,000 population the first seven months ending Feb. 1, 1891, was 10.71, and for the seven months ending Feb. 1, 1892, 6.73. The full year ending July last the mortality was 19.37 to the 1,000 population, while with the same proportion for the past seven months the death rate this year will not exceed 11.64 to the 1,000.

Although our accidental deaths are greater, and especially this past year, than elsewhere, this is a less death rate than I have been able to find in any city of like population.

This saving of lives to the amount of 225 in one year is in addition to a saving in actual property of \$200,000. As there are 30 cases of sickness to each death, you can make your own calculation as to the loss to the medical element of the community and left within the hands of the people.

The cause of this most remarkable showing is due in part to the abatement of heat roasting, to the lightness of the epidemic grippe, from which 29 died last year; the better buildings and the large increase in the sewer connections, to the faithful publication by the newspapers of the work of the health department, disseminating knowledge and educating the people, and the system of cleaning the city under the ordinances of 1890 and 1891.

A realization of what newspapers may do for humanity is exemplified by a publication in Sept., 1890, of the inspection of dairies and the health department. Until this time the infant mortality was very great, but suddenly ceased with the publication of the cause.

The cause of this is that the city may be attributed the greatest reason for the better health. When you come to realize there are more than 30 tons daily of swill alone produced in Butte and moving it through all the past years found a way out of the city—except such as the Chinamen removed for their hogs. It is not difficult to believe 2,500 loads of swill were hauled out of the city within 60 days last summer, and another argument, the fruits of cleanliness is health. Prior to July last, in proportion to the population, the death rate was greater within the corporate limits of Butte than without. Since that time the death rate is much larger in the suburbs of Butte, and with the exception of one case, there has not been a death from contagion while out of the city in January alone there were six deaths from diphtheria.

The early approaching spring will require vigilance to preserve what we have gained. An inspection of the dairies and testing the palatableness of the milk deserves our earliest attention. It may be remembered amongst adulterated food found in the inspection of provision that nearly all the lard found in the market was adulterated and much other food used for human consumption.

I would ask for the appointment of an inspector by your honorable body, to begin work at least as early as March 1, who will perform such inspection service as may be prescribed by the board of health.

### Mary Murphy's Beau.

BUTTE, Feb. 3.—Mary Murphy, an unmarried mother of South Butte, to-day had a warrant issued for the arrest of Elmer McCall, whom she holds responsible for the interesting condition in which she again finds herself. Deputy Sheriff Nichols found McCall working in a mine near Whitehall and brought him to the city to-night. He will have a hearing to-morrow.

### Fond of Jail Life.

BUTTE, Feb. 3.—A man giving his name as Jim Murphy was arrested to-night by Officer Noonan, for stealing a turkey from a Park street store. Murphy said he would rather steal than beg, as he would go to jail anyway if caught, and as long as it was a "stand-off" he preferred being jailed for stealing to being sent up for vagrancy.

### QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

A sign in a store in Tremont street, Boston, reads: "Fresh Eggs, 28 cents; Strictly Fresh Eggs, 35 cents."

It has been proposed to put jinrikshas, the Japanese sedan chairs on wheels, drawn by men, on the streets of London.

The house dog in Egypt was a domestic, working at his trade, only his trade was one in which we have ceased to employ him.

Michigan turned out 5,940,000 barrels of salt last year. There are 113 firms in the state engaged in the manufacture of salt.

A ricochet shot from the new magazine rifle adopted in England broke a cottage window four miles distant from the firing point.

The mud is so deep at Topka Kan, that it became necessary to detail an elephant to lift one of the circus wagons out of the mire at that place the other day.

To procure rain the Peruvians used to set a black sheep in a field, pour chicha, a beverage made of sugar and molasses, over it and give it nothing to eat till rain fell.

It is said that Canada is the only country in the world in which the military force is armed with the old Snider rifles. Military men in the dominion are urging the adoption of a more modern arm.

According to the figures of Prof. W. J. McGee, it is only a question of time when the slow but never ceasing inroads of the ocean will engulf many populous cities of the Atlantic seaboard, and perhaps whole states.

The color of the Botocudos of Brazil is a light yellowish brown. It has been said that they are capable of blushing occasionally, which would seem to be an accomplishment worth having, inasmuch as both sexes commonly go stark naked.

Up to a comparatively recent period the corpses of rich or distinguished persons among the Indians of the Northwest coast were eviscerated, dried, placed in wrappings of fur and grass matting and suspended above ground in some convenient rock shelter.

There is a new wind instrument, the "pedal clarinet." It is an octave below the bass clarinet, and produces the lowest notes obtained by any instrument except the organ. With a range of three octaves it has a much pleasanter tone than the double bassoon.

Good peat in Germany furnishes a cellulose which is valuable to paper makers. Besides serving as a wholesome litter for live stock, it is also used to preserve perishable goods. Meat and fish are now packed in peat litter for transport between Trieste and Copenhagen.

The Botocudos of Brazil are particularly fond of the flesh of monkeys, but they also subsist upon ant eaters, alligators and box constrictors. Fish they usually shoot with small bows, which they use with great dexterity; but sometimes they use a poisonous root, which, put into the water, soon brings the fish to the surface.

It is said that when Alaric, the conqueror of Rome, died "a river was turned aside to make a place in its bed for his grave, and when he was buried the water was again let into its former channel, and the prisoners who had helped to bury him were killed so that no one might find out where the conqueror of Rome was buried."

The progress of death was uniquely reported by the dying Dr. Richet to his son, a professor of physiology and his physician. As his end approached he carefully described to them every perceptible sensation. At the moment when they observed unmistakable signs of immediate dissolution, he surprised them by saying: "You see I am dying."

The Santee Indians of South Carolina are said to have preserved the remains of their dead by removing the flesh from the

bones and keeping the latter carefully in a wooden box, every year oiling and cleansing them. Thus they conserved them for centuries, so that a savage might, perhaps, possess the skeletons of his progenitors for a number of generations.

A Yorkshire vicar once received the following notice regarding a marriage from a parish house: "This is to give you notice that I and Miss Jennina Arabella Blearly have come to your church on Saturday afternoon next to undergo the operation of matrimony at your hands. Please be prompt, as the cab is hired by the hour." The "operation" was performed in due course.

## We Thank

The people of Montana for the large patronage we have received, and we are hoping to receive still more of your hands. To this end we have determined to pay freight on all goods purchased of us by our patrons in Anaconda and all points on the Montana Union railroad. We carry the largest stock of groceries in Montana, and by purchasing only from first hands and selling strictly for cash we are able to undersell all competitors. We guarantee the quality and weight of our goods, and any goods not satisfactory can be returned at our expense. In teas and coffers we are good. All inquiries as to goods and prices will have immediate response. We submit the following prices for your consideration. Parties buying in quantities should send for special prices on original packages.

Granulated sugar, per sack \$5.75, 16 lbs for \$1.00  
Cut loaf sugar, 14 lbs for \$1.00  
Extra-C loaf sugar, 14 lbs for \$1.00  
Sugar picked berries, best quality, per lb. 12  
Best loaf lard, 10-lb can for \$1.00  
Best premium chocolate, per pound 40  
Assorted vegetables, per case of two dozen cans 3.00

Economy of Holstein condensed cream, per can 10  
Highland condensed cream, per can 15  
The best jams, per 5-pound bucket 20  
The best jellies, per 5-pound bucket 20  
The very best Dakota flour, per hundred 3.50  
The very best port wine, per hundred 2.00  
25-pound sack corn meal 65  
All kinds of package goods, per pound 25  
The best evaporated peaches, per pound 45  
Any variety of gallon pie fruits, per can 45  
The best evaporated raspberries, per pound 25  
Evaporated apples, 7 pounds for 1.00  
Evaporated apricots, 7 pounds for 1.00  
French prunes, 7 pounds for 1.00  
Pineapples, 7 pounds for 1.00  
Raisins, 5 pounds for 1.00  
Evaporated blackberries, 12 pounds for 1.00

Notwithstanding the McKinley bill, we received a very large importation of Crosse & Blackwell goods, which we are selling as follows:

Crosse & Blackwell's jams, any variety, each 25c  
Crosse & Blackwell's marmalade, each 25c  
Crosse & Blackwell's mixed pickles, quarts 65c  
Crosse & Blackwell's white pickles, quarts 65c  
Crosse & Blackwell's chow chow, quarts 65c  
Crosse & Blackwell's queen olives, quarts 75c  
You must remember that we have these goods in quantities and can sell you any amount you may desire from a dollar's worth to a car load.

In cereals we are selling:  
Rolled oats, 20 pounds for \$1.00  
Best head rice, 15 pounds for 1.00  
Any variety beans, 15 pounds for 1.00  
We are wholesale dealers in wines and liquors and carry a very extensive stock of both domestic and imported. We quote:  
Five-year old scotch whisky, per gal. \$3.00  
Four-year old genuine port, per gallon 1.25  
Four-year old genuine sherry, per gallon 1.25  
Tokay, per gallon 1.00  
Muscat, per gallon 1.25  
A very fine claret wine at 50 cents per gallon. This is 25 per cent. below what these goods can be purchased for elsewhere. Don't forget the address.

THE BUTTE CASH GROCERY,  
Corner Park and Wyoming Streets,  
A. F. BRAY, Manager, Butte, Mont.

SILVER LAKE HOUSE,  
EAST QUARTZ ST., BUTTE.

Elegantly Furnished and Christened the—  
"R. M'BREEN."

Board by day, week or month. No Chinese employed. Opening will be Feb. 1.